## STATEMENT OF WITNESS

	STATEMENT OF: IAN YOUNG, CONSULTANT IN CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY  Name  Rank
	Nain
	AGE OF WITNESS (if over 21 enter "over 21"); OVER 21
	NOT SIGNED IN POLICE OFFICER'S PRESENCE
OMPLETED EN THE MENT HAS WRITTEN	I declare that this statement consisting of 2 pages, each signed by me is true to best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence preliminary enquiry or at the trial of any person, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have we stated in it anything which I know to be false or do not believe to be true.
	Dated this day of
	Ian Young
	SIGNATURE OF MEMBER by whom SIGNATURE OF WITNESS statement was recorded or received
	Re: Claire Roberts (deceased) DOB: 10/01/87
	I am a registered Consultant in Clinical Biochemistry, and qualified at Queen's Universi Belfast in 1985 with MB BCH BAO. I am Fellow of the Royal College of Physician (London), Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland and a Fellow of the Royal College of Pathologists.
	In addition to my previous statement I have been asked to comment on the reports by I R M Bingham and Dr Maconochie and a response from Mr Alan Roberts.
	In general, I agree with the conclusions which Dr Bingham has reached. However, would like to make the following comments:
	1) On page 3 of his statement, in paragraph 1, Dr Bingham interprets the written not from Dr Webb to say: 'I note no biochemistry profile'. In my earlier statement, interpreted this note to mean: 'I note normal biochemistry profile', and havin reviewed the chart I continue to interpret the note in this way. There is biochemistry profile result recorded in the notes prior to Dr Webb's written note and this seems inconsistent with Dr Bingham's interpretation of the comment.
	2) On page 4, paragraph 1, Dr Bingham indicates that it is unlikely that the serun sodium on admission (132mmol/l) was the cause of Claire's presenting symptoms. think that this is an important point, with which I agree. While Claire's sodium wa low on admission, the degree of hyponatraemia was relatively minor and was unlikely to be making a significant contribution to her presentation.
	3) As indicated by Dr Bingham, urine output from Claire was not measured. Dr Bingham believes that there is sufficient recorded information relating to we nappies to conclude that urine output was reasonably high. I do not think that it is possible to reach any conclusion as to whether urine output was high or low.
39/20	4) Dr Bingham indicates that the intravenous fluid volume recorded in Claire's notes would not be sufficient to account for the fall in her serum sodium. In contrast, I do not think that it is possible to reach any firm conclusion on this matter in the absence of any record of urine volume or urinary sodium concentration. I believe that the changes in Claire's serum sodium are entirely consistent with the recorded intravenous fluid intake when possible urinary losses of water and sodium are taken into account.
38/36 )	SIGNATURE OF WITNESS Jan JULAS
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CR - Brangam Bagnall

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	STATEMENT CONTINUATION PAGE
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	5) In his report, Dr Bingham raises the possibility that the serum sodium measuremen 121 mmol/l was wrong. The laboratory measurement of sodium is extremely accural Assuming that an appropriate sample was taken (and there is nothing in the notes suggest that sample collection was difficult), I believe that the possibility of an inaccurate laboratory result is negligibly small.
	In addition to the above comments, I would like to make one comment in response to letter from Mr Alan Roberts dated 29 <sup>th</sup> September '05. Mr Roberts refers to my ear statement that: 'The practice at that time would be firstly, to restrict fluid intake a secondly, to consider administration of fluid with a high content of sodium, if sympto attributable to hyponatraemia were present'. This statement was made in response to question about the action taken when Claire's serum sodium was noted to be 121mmol/l. my opinion, when Claire was initially admitted her serum sodium of 132mmol/l was unlike to have made a significant contribution to her presenting symptoms, although serum sodiu was slightly below the lower reference limit and therefore in the hyponatraemic range.
	SIGNATURE OF STATEMENT MAKER:
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