

DATE	CLINICAL HISTORY, EXAMINATION AND PROGRESS						
27/1/95	Adam Age 4yr 3/12, Reflux nephropathy + renal dysplasia 1st (R) cadaveric renal tx. RIGHT Kidney Doubled Doucr, agelb, + Subarach. Haem Anc CMV neg Adam Arve - Calvin <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">A 1,29</td><td style="width: 50%;">A 1,32</td></tr> <tr> <td>B 8,44</td><td>B 44, 14</td></tr> <tr> <td>DR. 3,7</td><td>DR 7,8</td></tr> </table> WISmark = 1,1,1 Renal @ 0142 26/1/95 excision anastomosis ~ 1030 am 27/1/95 CADAVRIC Transplant Phone } Surgeon SBrown } Bob Taylor Anaesthetist Incision Left Right Muscle Split RIF Findings Adhesions to Previous Replant !!! Normal Calibre Vessels Pelvis of Right Kidney varying Extensive V.L. Procedure 2 Arteries on widely separated Patched Tissue c/o Prolene Artery Vein to Ext Flare Anterior Patch Stowed to Ext Flare c/o Prolene Ureter Reimplanted by Snell	A 1,29	A 1,32	B 8,44	B 44, 14	DR. 3,7	DR 7,8
A 1,29	A 1,32						
B 8,44	B 44, 14						
DR. 3,7	DR 7,8						

Sub mucosal tunnel.

#8 Feby tub

#14 Malcot.

Close Ficul
Output
Vicul
FOS

Kidney perfused reasonably at int

1205 pm.

Returned to ITU post Tx.

Post operatively — did not breathe

- fixed dilated pupils.

No instability cardiovascularly intra-op.

BP 118/78

CVP ~ 30

!!!

(was 17 at start of procedure
uncertain if this was accurate
as multiple venous access
before + jugular vessels tied off).

Epidural @ 0630 was am — not problematic
no evidence CSF leak.

Drop in Mecke: Augmentin

metoprolol 200mg

Azithromycin 25mg iv @ 1024

DATE	CLINICAL HISTORY, EXAMINATION AND PROGRESS
	Output : 49 ml urine after 0 from tx kidney
	Imp: ? reason for CNS problem ? high epidural or more likely - <u>coned in</u> <u>thoracic</u> <u>(high fluid input + abnormal</u> <u>cerebral venous drainage)</u>
Hb 10.6 WCC 8.7 Plate 140⁰⁰⁰ CV 0.29	Plan ① 50 ml mannitol stat ② Ventilate CO₂ ~ 28-30 mm Hg ③ Fluids - replace output @ present - prob will need to restrict further ④ need neurology opinion. ⑤ Dr Scavage / Dr Topley will speak to mother
1.2m	fluids ↓ 10 ml/hr. • cyclosporin 3mg/kg/12hrs. • dexamethasone 2.5 mg/kg/day
	BP now 159/99 await emergency CT scan brain. no antihypertensives @ present as may ↓ CPP.
	As above. Surgical procedure performed with apparently cardiovascular stability but failure to breathe spontaneously post op. Dilated pupils O/E with bilateral papilloedema + haemorrhages CVP 12 but steadily rising BP

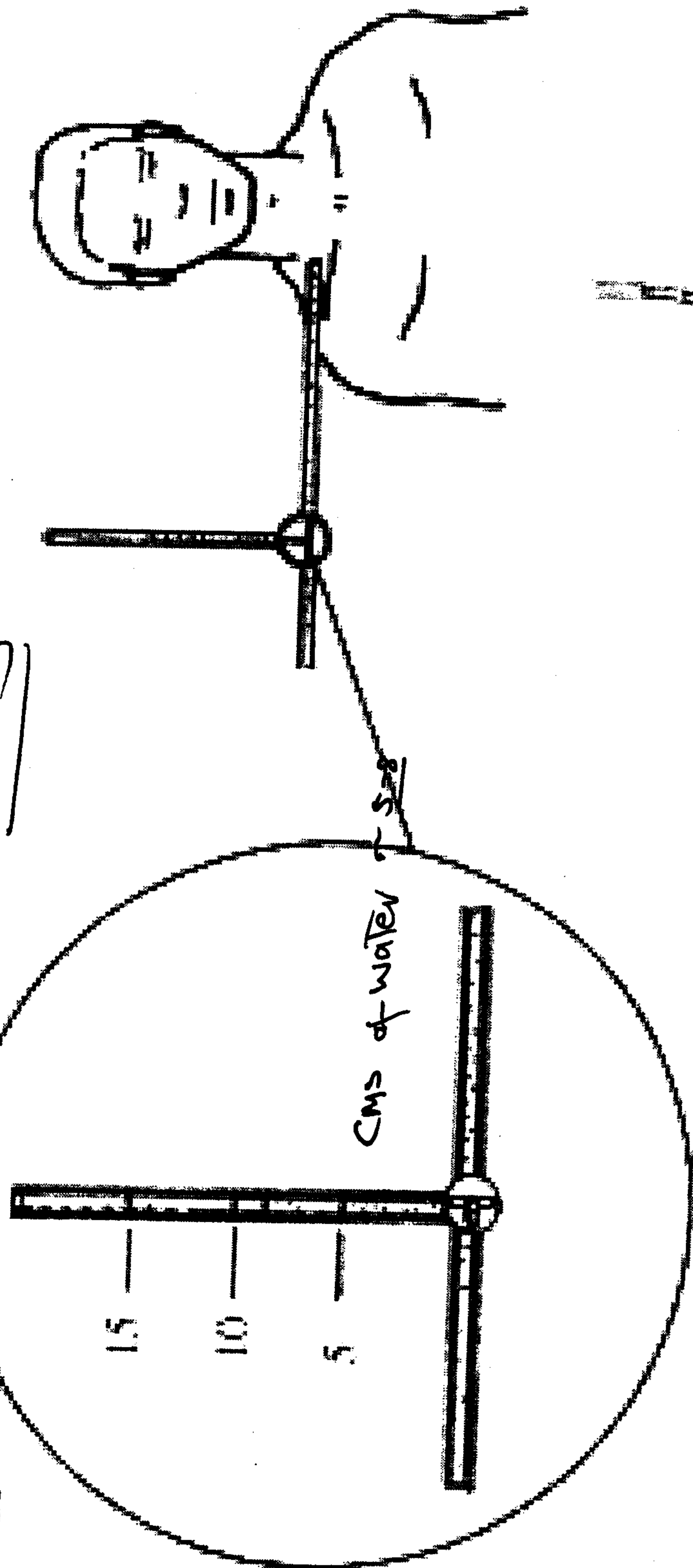
Mother

Mother

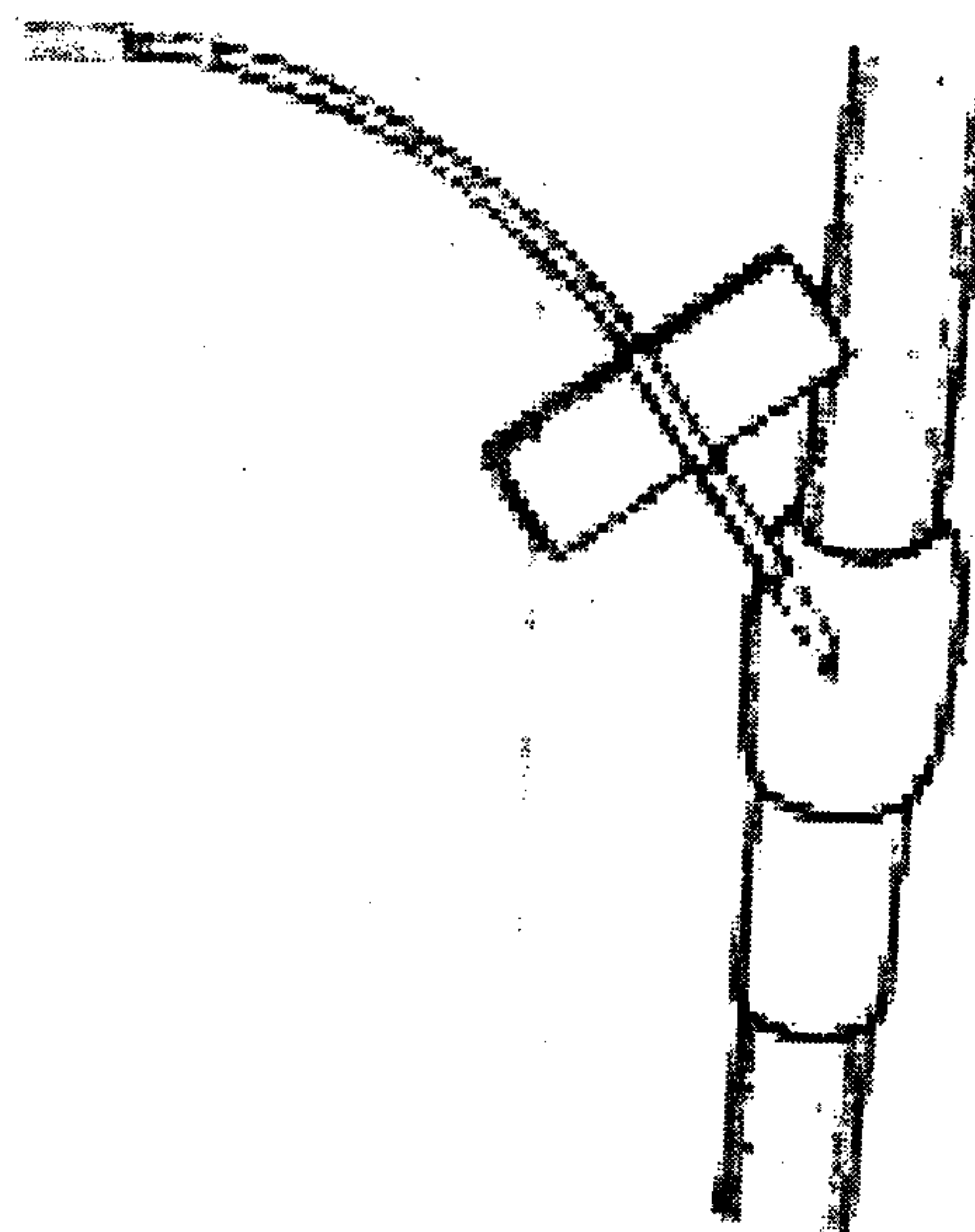
Fig 4

$\times 22 \text{ cms H}_2\text{O} = 17 \text{ mm Hg}$

A.



B.



A. Measuring central venous pressure with a saline manometer and 3 way tap; B. Measuring CVP using a butterfly needle inserted into the rubber port of a standard IV fluid set

PROBLEM	GOAL	NURSING CARE PLAN	Date	EVALUATION
Potential risk of urinary Retention. Patient has a size _____ urinary catheter. EDUCATING TUBE SLEEP INTO NEW URETER	To monitor and record accurate urinary output.	Record urinary output accurately. Observe colour and odour of urine. Record 6 hourly urinalysis. Catheter care 4 hourly.	27.11.95 1202-1430	(1) urinary output good from supra-pubic catheter (is normally polyuric + has had thrombosis) No output so present for new kidney (8pm) after urine output satisfactory maintenance fluid consumed. Urinary @ present low output unless output exceeds 50ml in 2 hrs keep fluid only at 50ml/hr (11) can continue down to 10ml/hr post operative (1pm) after
_____ is being dialyzed via peritoneal route or haemodialysis.	To maintain fluid / electrolyte balance.	Perform dialysis as per nephrologist's instructions.	28.11.95	
Potential risk of constipation / inability to empty bowel.	To have regular bowel movements.	Observe for passage of faeces and record type / amount on fluid balance chart.		
_____ has a colostomy / ileostomy	To monitor bowel function.			

AS - PSNI

PATIENT'S NAME ADAM SKRAN

HOSPITAL NO. 364377

DATE 27/11/95

094-131-347