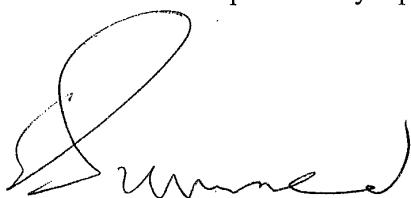


CORONERS ACT (NORTHERN IRELAND) 1959

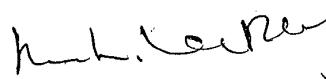
Deposition of Witness taken on WEDNESDAY the 24TH day of MAY 2004, at inquest touching the death of CONOR MITCHELL, before me MR J L LECKEY Coroner for the District of GREATER BELFAST as follows to wit:-

The Deposition of DR EDWARD SUMNER
of who being sworn upon his oath, saith

I am a Consultant in Paediatric Anaesthesia with an interest in Intensive Care. I was Consultant at the Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children, London, from 1973 until June 2001. I am the author of several textbooks on the subject and am the Editor-in-Chief of the Journal, Paediatric Anaesthesia. Currently, I am the immediate past President of the Association of Paediatric Anaesthetists of Great Britain and Ireland. In the preparation of this report I have carefully perused all the medical and nursing notes presented to me by the Craigavon Area Hospital and Royal Belfast Hospital for Sick Children, Northern Ireland and the statements of Joanna Mitchell, her mother and brother. I understand that my overriding duty is to the Court on matters which are within my expertise. I also believe that the facts I have stated in this report are true and that the opinions I have expressed are correct. I now produce my report as Exhibit C2.



8TH JUNE
TAKEN before me this 24TH MAY 2004

 Coroner for the District of Greater Belfast

CORONERS ACT (Northern Ireland), 1959

Deposition of Witness taken on the day
of 20 , at inquest touching the death of
, before me

Coroner for the District of
as follows to wit:—

The Deposition of DR EDWARD SUMNER

of (Address)
who being sworn upon his oath, saith

I now know that the marked pulmonary fluid infiltration led to the marked hypernatremia. I agree that the fluid management was acceptable though the central have been giving running. There should have been a written clinical assessment of dehydration in the notes. Urine output should have been measured. I cannot reach any conclusion as to whether the rate of infusion was too great for him. I am not in a position to say whether infusion should be added at 1(c). A would not add Paracetamol at T. Possibly ^{thereby} Cenacol ~~thereby~~ was related to the antibiotic ~~activity~~. I cannot comment on its significance. I believe Cenacol was having significant seizure activity during the day - he was an epileptic. Dr Kerr described atypical seizure activity as admission and Nurse ~~Beth~~ Buller described a seizure. A bitten tongue is associated with a seizure - The writer is evidence of Cenacol seizures is not that they were of a nothing nature but of a stiffening nature. I maintain it would have been preferable if Cenacol had

P.T.O.

seen in a paediatric environment - the child & family are treated as a single unit, parents are relied on to give a full history and a mother knows her child. People trained in paediatrics have a high index suspicion as to what is seizure activity.

~~A paediatrician~~ would have made observations easier if Conner had not been in a side-room.

Mr. Miller: I have heard the nurses evidence - Nurse Tullor described what she would call a seizure. I accept Dr Quinn referred to pictures and she would have got the history from the mother. I based my comment of no history of seizures on the account of Revon's mother and grandmother. If Conner had suffered from significant seizures he would have been on the MACLOFEN. It is to counteract awful seizures. Finish rate & stick to my opinion about the rate of infusion. I call my seizure "major" if it involves peripheral movement. My opinions all come from the advantage of hindsight. I can understand these Bullets' interpretations. I agree it would be surprising if none of the seized activity described by the family was witnessed by any hospital staff. I acknowledge the possibility that Conner's movements were those associated with his condition of cerebral palsy. The irregular heartbeat necessitated the ECG. I am willing to abide by Dr Hinchliffe what happened at about 8.30 p.m. and by ~~startling~~ ^{start} have led to death.

TAKEN before me this 8th day of June 2004

Hilary Coroner for the District of Greater Belfast

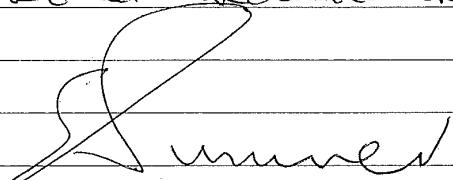
CORONERS ACT (Northern Ireland), 1959

Deposition of Witness taken on the day
of 20 , at inquest touching the death of
before me
Coroner for the District of
as follows to wit:—

The Deposition of Dr E. SUMNER

of
who being sworn upon his oath, saith (Address)

though I think it is unlikely to have
happened in that short space of time.
Infarction could be a feature of the septicemia
that led to the rise of intra-cranial pressure.
On balance I would exclude infarction at
1(c),



P.T.O.

TAKEN before me this 8th day of June 2004

John L. Leeney, Coroner for the District of Greater
Belfast