



HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE TRUST

BRIEFING REGARDING THE LATE LUCY CRAWFORD

Lucy was referred for admission to the Children's Ward, Erne Hospital by the on-call General Practitioner, Dr Kirby, with a history of fever, vomiting and drowsiness on 12 April 2000 at 7.30pm.

She was commenced on IV Fluids at approximately 11.00pm. Dr O'Donohoe carried out the introduction of the IV as the junior medical officer had been unable to do so. Lucy was moved to a side ward later, following a bout of diarrhoea. At about 2.55am on 13 April 2000 Lucy's mother alerted staff to her observations that Lucy appeared to be having a fit.

Medical staff, at the Erne Hospital, were involved in an attempt to stabilise Lucy. She was transferred to the ICU/HDU at the Erne Hospital while transfer was arranged to the Paediatric Intensive Unit at Royal Belfast Hospital for Sick Children. Lucy's transfer was managed by a Consultant Paediatrician and an ICU Nurse from the Erne Hospital. Lucy left the Erne Hospital at around 6.30am, arriving at Belfast after 8.00am on 13 April 2000.

Following a period of care, at the Royal Hospital, Lucy was extubated at 1.00pm on 14 April 2000 and died at around 1.15pm on the same day.

Following Lucy's death, Dr O'Donohoe, Consultant Paediatrician, advised Dr Kelly, Medical Director, Sperrin Lakeland Trust. Dr Kelly advised Mr Mills, Chief Executive and Mr Fee, Director of Acute Hospital Services, requesting that Mr Fee establish a review of Lucy's care at the Erne Hospital. Later on 14 April 2000 Mr Fee agreed to jointly co-ordinate this review with Dr Anderson, Clinical Director of Women & Children's Services. The review included; a case note review; review of written comment from staff involved in Lucy's care; discussions with other relevant staff; an external opinion on specific clinical matters from Dr M Quinn, Consultant Paediatrician, Altnagelvin Trust. The Trust concluded that there had been communication difficulties and there was poor record keeping.

A report on this review was finalised on 31 July 2000.

Dr O'Donohoe had met with the family during May 2000. There was correspondence between the Trust, the Crawford family and the Chief Officer of

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the Western Health & Social Services Council. In these correspondence the Trust continued to encourage the family to participate in a further meeting with Trust staff so that the findings of the review, based on the information available, at that time, could be shared. These offers were declined.

On 10 January 2001, Mr MacCrossan wrote to Mrs Crawford, on behalf of Mr Mills, Chief Executive, enclosing a report prepared by Mr Fee, Director of Acute Hospital Services in relation to Lucy's care, again encouraging the family to participate in a meeting to discuss the facts, as known.

This was followed up with a further offer of a meeting in a letter from Mr Mills to the Crawford family on 30 March 2001. To date no such meeting has been accepted by the family.

The family subsequently instigated legal proceedings, which concluded in an out of court settlement in December 2003. An aspect of the settlement was an acceptance by the Trust of its liability in the matter. During the course of the legal proceedings the Trust became aware and was then formally advised that the Coroner had indicated his intention to reopen Lucy's case for an inquest. (Prior to this the death certificate had been agreed with and signed by the Coroner's office). Additionally the inquest of Rachel Ferguson in 2001 and subsequent inquest resulted in guidance being issued by the CMO regarding the cessation of the use of the particular fluids used. This practice was changed within the Trust in 2001.

The Coroner's Inquest commenced on Tuesday 17 February and concluded on Thursday 19 February 2004. The Coroner, Mr John Lecky concluded that the cause of death was:

- 1a) Cerebral Oedema
- b) Acute Dilutional Hyponatraemia
- c) Excess Dilute Fluid
- 2) Gastroenteritis

He also stated that he would share all the papers with the Chief Medical Officer and write to her to highlight the need for practice to be reviewed. Furthermore he advised that he would also refer all papers to the General Medical Council.

Given the media interest in the proceedings the Trust has issued the attached Press Release. The Trust will reflect on the Coroner's findings to assess what additional lessons can be learned from Lucy's tragic death beyond those identified in Dr Anderson's and Mr Fee's review and the introduction of practice changes in line with the Chief Medical Officer's guidance.

20 February, 2004

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